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Date 16 February 2016

Dear [REDACTED]

Freedom of Information request

Thank you for your request for information under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), which was received by the Human Tissue Authority (HTA) on 18 January 2016. Your email outlined the following request:

“Please could the following information be released under the Freedom of Information Act?

- 1) The number of HTA Reportable Incidents (HTARIs) that took place during 2014 and 2015, where they took place and when
- 2) Please also provide a description of each incident and the classification given to each incident.”

Response

We have performed a search of our licensing system and 195 HTA Reportable Incidents (HTARIs) were reported in 2014 and 2015. The data you requested are provided in the table below.

The HTA operates a hub/satellite licensing system, where establishments operating under the same governance system can apply for a main hub licence with separate satellite sites listed under the same licence number. More information on this licensing arrangement can be found on our website [here](#). It is the responsibility of the hub to report any incidents occurring at the satellite sites to the HTA. A full list of the hub and satellite sites we licence can be found [here](#). Please note the establishments listed below may or may not have satellite sites, so the incident may have taken place at a location other than that of the reporting establishment.

| HTA ref. no. | Reporting establishment | Month HTARI occurred | Incident classification | Summarised description of HTARI |
|--------------|---|----------------------|--|---|
| 1 | Queen's Hospital, Barking, Havering & Redbridge Hospitals NHS Trust | Jan-14 | Post-mortem examination conducted was not in line with consent given | The deceased was prepared for a post mortem and eviscerated before staff realised it was the wrong body. |
| 2 | Worthing Hospital | Jan-14 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage to the body of a deceased person while being placed into a mortuary fridge. |
| 3 | Tameside General Hospital | Jan-14 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage to the body of a deceased person occurred in the course of a post mortem examination. |
| 4 | QE II Hospital | Jan-14 | Release of wrong body | The wrong body was released to the funeral director. The body was returned to mortuary as soon as the mistake was discovered. |
| 5 | Wrightington, Wigan & Leigh NHS Trust | Jan-14 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | A bariatric body was received out of hours; there was no contingency storage and the deceased had to be stored overnight in the post-mortem room. |
| 6 | Countess of Chester | Jan-14 | Disposal or retention of a whole fetus or fetal tissue (gestational age less than 24 weeks) against the express wishes of the family | The cremation of a fetus was planned to take place but transport had not turned up to collect it. Mortuary staff noticed the paperwork relating to the fetus, which had remained in the mortuary. |
| 7 | Doncaster Royal Infirmary | Jan-14 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | Two families had been informed that their products of conception would be cremated. However, Histopathology staff discovered these products of conception specimens remained in storage in the laboratory |

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| 8 | Princess Alexandra Hospital | Jan-14 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage to the body of a deceased person while being placed into a mortuary fridge |
| 9 | Miller House Mortuary | Jan-14 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | Failure to place a body in deep freeze while in prolonged storage at mortuary, prior to release for burial to funeral director. |
| 10 | Leicester Royal Infirmary | Jan-14 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | Toxicology sample was lost that may result in unascertained cause of death. |
| 11 | Leicester Royal Infirmary | Jan-14 | Inadvertent disposal or retention of an organ against wishes of the family | A body was released to the funeral director after post mortem in which the brain had been retained. Shortly after, it was noted that the brain had not been repatriated with the body. The brain was immediately taken to the undertakers and repatriated with the body. |
| 12 | Gloucester Royal Hospital | Jan-14 | Viewing of the wrong body | The wrong body was prepared for a viewing by the family. |
| 13 | King's College Hospital | Jan-14 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence. | The deceased, a bariatric patient, had been stored in the freezer compartment of the body storage. Due to the way the body had frozen, the body was not able to be removed from the compartment. The funeral was delayed until freezer thawed to allow the release of the deceased. |
| 14 | St Michael's Hospital | Feb-14 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage to the body of a deceased person while being removed from a mortuary fridge. |

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|--------------|------------------------------|----------------------|--|---|
| 15 | King's College Hospital | Feb-14 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | The family of the deceased made a complaint regarding the condition of the deceased's hair, which they had requested be returned to them. |
| 16 | Wednesfield Public Mortuary | Feb-14 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage occurred to the body of a deceased person during transfer to the mortuary. |
| 17 | Pinderfields Public Mortuary | Feb-14 | Discovery of an organ or tissue following post-mortem examination and release of body | A pathologist removed a brain from the deceased for examination. Standard procedure was followed and it was indicated on the body that organs needed to be repatriated. When the funeral director came to collect the body it was noted that the brain had not been repatriated. The body was released with the brain and a mortuary employee attended the funeral directors to repatriate the brain. |
| 18 | Kettering General Hospital | Feb-14 | Removal of tissue from a body without authorisation or consent | A post mortem was conducted which included removing the heart and other tissue samples. The family had requested that all tissue be returned to the body prior to release. However, one sample was found years later during checks of the frozen tissue store. |
| 19 | Medway Maritime Hospital | Feb-14 | Major equipment failure | A bank of mortuary fridges for adult bodies stopped functioning, causing its internal temperature to rise. |
| 20 | Gloucester Royal Hospital | Feb-14 | Release of wrong body | There were two patients of the same name. Correct procedures were followed to identify them in the Mortuary. The Funeral Director was given the Cremation forms for the wrong patient by the Bereavement |

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| | | | | Office, and the Mortuary staff released the correct patient for the paperwork that was presented. |
| 21 | Central Manchester University Hospital | Feb-14 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | A mortuary fridge used for the storage of fetuses for the end of month service failed over the weekend. The fridge failure was not identified until routine fridge temperature monitoring. The fridge contained fetuses of under 20 weeks gestation at the time of the failure. |
| 22 | State Pathologist's Department | Feb-14 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage to the body of a deceased person while being placed in the mortuary. |
| 23 | Manor Hospital | Feb-14 | Disposal or retention of a whole fetus or fetal tissue less than 24 weeks | Following an FOI inquiry regarding fetal disposal, a backlog was identified in regards to timely disposal of fetal remains following a termination of pregnancy or miscarriage under 24 weeks of gestation. |
| 24 | University Hospitals of North Midlands NHS Trust | Feb-14 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | A formal complaint resulting from the viewing of a deceased patient by a family member, which was contrary to the wishes of the deceased's next of kin. |
| 25 | State Pathologist's Department | Feb-14 | Post-mortem examination of the wrong body | Whilst labelling retained specimens, the pathologist noted that the specimen labels did not match the name on the toe-tag of the body. It was therefore established that the wrong body had been laid out for post mortem. |
| 26 | Craigavon Area Hospital | Feb-14 | Disposal or retention of a whole fetus or fetal tissue less than 24 weeks | Fetal specimen was lost in transit between theatres. |

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| 27 | Medico-Legal Centre | Mar-14 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | Staff misunderstood limit of consent given for scanning procedure, resulting in an invasive procedure |
| 28 | Royal Liverpool University Hospital | Mar-14 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage to the body of a deceased person occurred in the course of a post mortem examination. |
| 29 | Worcestershire Royal Hospital | Mar-14 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage to the body of a deceased person while being placed into a mortuary fridge. |
| 30 | Heart of England NHS Foundation Trust | Mar-14 | Release of wrong body | The wrong body was released to the funeral director. The body was returned to mortuary as soon as the mistake was discovered. |
| 31 | The Pennine Acute Hospitals NHS Trust | Mar-14 | Disposal or retention of a whole fetus or fetal tissue less than 24 weeks | After transfer from the body store at the hub premises to the mortuary fridge at the satellite premises, seven fetuses were released for cremation without proper checks of the associated paperwork. Two of the fetuses should have been buried. |
| 32 | Victoria Hospital | Mar-14 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage to the body of a deceased person while being placed into a mortuary fridge. |
| 33 | Brighton and Hove City Mortuary | Mar-14 | Discovery of an organ or tissue following post-mortem examination and release of body | Following a coronial autopsy, tissue was retained in formalin in case needed for histological examination. The pot was placed on the wrong fridge tray and was discovered after the funeral had taken place. The family was kept fully informed once the discovery had been made. |
| 34 | The Christie | Mar-14 | Release of wrong body | The wrong body was released to the funeral director. The body was returned to mortuary as soon as the mistake was |

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| | | | | discovered. |
| 35 | Warwick Hospital | Mar-14 | Discovery of an additional organ(s) in a body on evisceration for a second post-mortem examination | Undertaker discovered a brain with other organs in the organ bag within the abdominal cavity of the deceased when starting the embalming process. The undertaker noticed the head of the deceased had not been opened in the post mortem examination and so the brain did not belong to the deceased. The brain was found to belong to a patient who had undergone a post mortem examination at the same time and was repatriated to the correct patient. |
| 36 | Pathlinks | Apr-14 | Disposal or retention of a whole fetus or fetal tissue less than 24 weeks | When returning to take a further histological block from a products of conception specimen, part of the specimen was not in the container. This did not compromise the diagnostic assessment of the specimen but, the tissue was not able to be located. |
| 37 | Medway Maritime Hospital | Apr-14 | Accidental damage to a body | The bodies of two deceased infants were not sent to the mortuary as soon as they should have been. When the error was realised, one body was found to have severely deteriorated. |
| 38 | King's College Hospital | Apr-14 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage to the body of a deceased person while being placed into a mortuary fridge. |
| 39 | East Surrey Hospital | Apr-14 | Major equipment failure | A fetus was sent to another hospital for a post mortem, however upon receiving the fetus, the hospital realised that it was frozen. The temperature of the mortuary fridge was checked and was -7.5C. Other fetuses were also frozen and removed from the fridge immediately. |

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| 40 | William Harvey Hospital Mortuary | Apr-14 | Major equipment failure | A bank of mortuary fridges for adult bodies stopped functioning, causing its internal temperature to rise. |
| 41 | Cumberland Infirmary | May-14 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage to the body of a deceased person while being placed into a mortuary fridge. |
| 42 | Southampton General Hospital | May-14 | Accidental damage to a body | There was no available deep freeze capacity as all available spaces were occupied. The body was stored in a body bag within a standard fridge with frequent checking of condition. During this period there were no records of any adverse temperature changes in this facility. On checking the body an odour had developed and there were signs of facial decomposition. |
| 43 | St George's Hospital | May-14 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage to the body of a deceased person while being placed into a mortuary fridge. |
| 44 | Central Manchester University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust | May-14 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | Fetus transferred for post mortem but traceability lost. Searches of fridges carried out but not thoroughly enough. On third search, fetus found. |
| 45 | Craigavon Area Hospital | May-14 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | An organ was discovered in the mortuary which should have been transferred to a research establishment approximately a year earlier. |
| 46 | Southport & Formby District General Hospital | May-14 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage to the body of a deceased person while being placed into a mortuary fridge. |
| 47 | Norfolk and Norwich University Hospital | Jun-14 | Discovery of an organ or tissue following post-mortem examination | A block of tissue was separated from 11 others which were all supposed to be interred with the body at the funeral. The missing |

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| | | | and release of body | block was found the next day and returned to the body whilst at the funeral home. |
| 48 | Royal Bolton Hospital | Jun-14 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage to the body of a deceased person while being placed into a mortuary fridge. |
| 49 | Royal Liverpool University Hospital | Jun-14 | Major equipment failure | Fridge failure caused by an open door. No deterioration to bodies as bodies were moved. New door lock fitted and checks on doors made before leaving. |
| 50 | Worcestershire Royal Hospital | Jun-14 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage to the body of a deceased person occurred whilst in mortuary. |
| 51 | Craigavon Area Hospital | Jun-14 | Disposal or retention of a whole fetus or fetal tissue less than 24 weeks | Products of conception tissues were disposed of against wishes of the mother. The mother had initially asked the hospital to dispose of the tissue, but changed her instructions and this information was not shared with the pathology laboratory. |
| 52 | Southmead Hospital Bristol | Jul-14 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | Tissue blocks which had been taken from a deceased patient during the post mortem examination were mislaid. |
| 53 | Leicester Royal Infirmary | Jul-14 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence. | Ward staff attached the wrong ID bands to the deceased, but entered the correct details onto the notification form. On receipt at mortuary, the form was used to enter details in the register (ID bands not checked) and a mortuary wrist band attached with the correct details. On release, only mortuary band and paperwork were used to ID body. Funeral directors noted the incorrect bands while preparing the body. |

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| 54 | Royal Victoria Hospital | Jul-14 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | Communication was made between the family and staff in the Trust with regard to tissue destination / disposal. The tissue was cremated. The family had wanted the tissue returned for burial. |
| 55 | Whiston Hospital | Jul-14 | Viewing of the wrong body | The wrong body was prepared for a viewing by their family. |
| 56 | Victoria Hospital | Jul-14 | Disposal or retention of a whole fetus or fetal tissue more than 24 weeks | Arrangements for the burial of a fetus did not meet the mother's wishes. |
| 57 | Pathlinks | Jul-14 | Disposal or retention of a whole fetus or fetal tissue less than 24 weeks | A patient arrived unexpectedly at the Bereavement Office. The office contacted the mortuary to ascertain the whereabouts of her products of conception and realised they had been sent for cremation. On checking consent paperwork, it was confirmed that the patient had wished to make her own arrangements for disposal. |
| 58 | Royal Sussex County Hospital | Jul-14 | Major equipment failure | A bank of mortuary fridges for adult bodies stopped functioning, causing its internal temperature to rise. |
| 59 | Gloucester Royal Hospital | Jul-14 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage to the body of a deceased person while being placed into a mortuary fridge. |
| 60 | Southmead Hospital Bristol | Aug-14 | Serious security breach | An individual breached security online and uploaded an image and description of what they had seen during the decommissioning of the mortuary. |
| 61 | Worcestershire Royal Hospital | Aug-14 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage to the body of a deceased person occurred in the course of a post mortem examination. |

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| 62 | Heart of England NHS Foundation Trust | Aug-14 | Release of wrong body | The wrong fetus was released to the funeral director. The fetus was returned to mortuary as soon as the mistake was discovered. |
| 63 | Pathlinks | Aug-14 | Disposal or retention of a whole fetus or fetal tissue less than 24 weeks | An early term fetus went missing. The parents had requested an individual cremation for the remains, but on investigation it became evident that the pregnancy remains had been sent to the crematorium for shared cremation. |
| 64 | Alexandra Hospital | Aug-14 | Major equipment failure | A bank of mortuary fridges for adult bodies stopped functioning, causing its internal temperature to rise. |
| 65 | Royal Victoria Hospital | Aug-14 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence. | Use of an outdated version of a transfer form meant that an adult hospital PM examination which should have taken place, did not proceed. |
| 66 | West Suffolk Hospital | Aug-14 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | Two rings worn by the deceased were found to be missing when the funeral directors collected the body. |
| 67 | Pinderfields Hospital | Aug-14 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage to the body of a deceased person while being removed from a mortuary fridge. |
| 68 | Arrowe Park Hospital | Aug-14 | Release of wrong body | The wrong body was released to the funeral director. The body was returned to mortuary as soon as the mistake was discovered. |
| 69 | Pinderfields Hospital | Sep-14 | Incident leading to the temporary unplanned closure of mortuary | When opening the fridges to remove a body for post mortem it was noted that the body was extremely cold, on undressing the body was frozen. The alarms |

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| | | | | were not working and the fridge temperature was not being monitored correctly. |
| 70 | Sheffield Children's Hospital | Sep-14 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage to the body of a deceased person occurred in the course of a post mortem examination. |
| 71 | Bedford Hospital | Sep-14 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence. | Due to severe disruption of the body, the deceased's head and body were wrapped carefully after reconstruction and the body placed in a body bag with the zips closed; the following morning, the zips were found to have been opened. No further bodies had been placed in the fridge and there was no reason for the body to have been disturbed. |
| 72 | Royal Lancaster Infirmary | Oct-14 | Disposal or retention of a whole fetus or fetal tissue less than 24 weeks | Three products of conception specimens were accidentally disposed of via the anatomical waste incineration route rather than the cremation route. |
| 73 | Eastbourne District General Hospital | Oct-14 | Accidental damage to a body | Deceased was in body bag placed on top of washington trolley cover. Straps released prior to checking body located in correct position on trolley. Deceased was not central and fell off. |
| 74 | Tameside General Hospital | Oct-14 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage to the body of a deceased person occurred in the course of a post mortem examination. |
| 75 | Taunton and Somerset NHS Trust | Oct-14 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage to the body of a deceased person occurred in the course of a post mortem examination. |

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| 76 | UCL Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust | Oct-14 | Serious security breach | An unauthorised individual gained access to the mortuary premises before being found by staff. |
| 77 | Derriford Hospital | Oct-14 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage to the body of a deceased person while being placed into a mortuary fridge. |
| 78 | Guy's & St Thomas' Hospital | Nov-14 | Release of wrong body | The wrong body was released to the funeral director. The body was returned to mortuary as soon as the mistake was discovered. |
| 79 | Royal Berkshire Hospital | Nov-14 | Serious Security Breach | Unauthorised access by a contractor to the lavatory in the mortuary viewing suite, the main door to which had been left unlocked for a family viewing due to fire regulations. |
| 80 | Royal Berkshire Hospital | Dec-14 | Serious security breach | Unauthorised access by a patient (due to card reader failure) to the viewing room (observed on CCTV). |
| 81 | St George's Hospital | Dec-14 | Incident leading to the temporary unplanned closure of mortuary | A failure in the air extraction and recirculation system resulted in an unsafe working environment within the main post mortem examination room. |
| 82 | The Royal London Hospital | Dec-14 | Post-mortem examination conducted was not in line with consent given | A post mortem was carried out on an infant, when the consent form stated consent for an external examination only had been given. |
| 83 | Guy's & St Thomas' Hospital | Dec-14 | Disposal or retention of a whole fetus or fetal tissue less than 24 weeks | A body was released without blocks and slides having been returned, which was contrary to the wishes of the deceased's family. |
| 84 | Arrowe Park Hospital | Dec-14 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may | Individually packed fetuses were taken to the crematorium for cremation on the wrong day and were sent back to the mortuary; |

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| | | | lead to damage in public confidence | when they were subsequently sent to the crematorium, one fetus was found to be missing. |
| 85 | Leicester Royal Infirmary | Dec-14 | Post-mortem examination conducted was not in line with consent given | A CT scan was conducted, with consent from the family, prior to post mortem examination. The deceased was cannulated and ventilated as part of the CT scan procedure, although the consent given did not include consent for these procedures. |
| 86 | Victoria Hospital | Dec-14 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | Contingency arrangements for body storage insufficient for the capacity required over Christmas and New Year. |
| 87 | Cumberland Infirmary | Dec-14 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage to the body of a deceased person while being placed into a mortuary fridge. |
| 88 | Cumberland Infirmary | Dec-14 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage to the body of a deceased person while being placed into a mortuary fridge. |
| 89 | Royal Hampshire County Hospital | Jan-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage to the body of a deceased person while being placed into a mortuary fridge. |
| 90 | Countess of Chester Hospital | Jan-15 | Release of the wrong body | Human error and failure to follow documented procedure resulted in the wrong body being released to the funeral director. The body was returned to the mortuary as soon as the mistake was discovered. |
| 91 | Basildon Hospital | Jan-15 | Disposal or retention of a whole fetus or fetal tissue (gestational age less than 24 weeks) against the express wishes of the family | Error in completing release form led to the fetus being released for cremation in error. |

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| 92 | Medway Maritime Hospital | Jan-15 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | Insufficient capacity to store bodies due to winter pressures. |
| 93 | Leeds General Infirmary | Jan-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage to the body of a deceased person while being placed into a mortuary fridge. |
| 94 | Haringey Public Mortuary | Jan-15 | Release of the wrong body | Human error led to release of the wrong body to the funeral director. The body was returned to the mortuary as soon as the mistake was discovered. |
| 95 | Royal Glamorgan Hospital | Jan-15 | Viewing of the wrong body | Human error led to the viewing of the wrong body. |
| 96 | Royal Victoria Infirmary | Jan-15 | Release of the wrong body | Human error led to release of the wrong body. The body was returned to the mortuary as soon as the mistake was discovered. |
| 97 | Royal Victoria Infirmary | Jan-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage to body of deceased person during PM examination. |
| 98 | King's College Hospital | Jan-15 | Discovery of an organ or tissue following post-mortem examination and release of body | Due to lack of rigorous audit procedures, retained blocks and slides were not identified. |
| 99 | King's College Hospital | Jan-15 | Viewing of the wrong body | Human error led to the viewing of the wrong body. |
| 100 | Derriford Hospital | Feb-15 | Inadvertent disposal or retention of an organ against the express wishes of the family | Miscommunication between the coroner and the mortuary team resulted in blocks and slides not being repatriated with a body before release. |
| 101 | Manor hospital | Feb-15 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse | A filing error led to delay in locating blocks from one case. |

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| | | | publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | |
| 102 | Royal Sussex County Hospital | Feb-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Accidental damage to the body of the deceased. |
| 103 | Royal Cornwall Hospital | Feb-15 | Discovery of an organ or tissue following post-mortem examination and release of body | Failure to document removal of organ during post-mortem examination. |
| 104 | Darent Valley Hospital | Feb-15 | Release of the wrong body | Human error led to the wrong body being released to the funeral director. The body was returned to the mortuary as soon as the mistake was discovered. |
| 105 | Worthing Hospital | Feb-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Small laceration to scalp of body during removal from fridge. |
| 106 | Good Hope Hospital | Feb-15 | Release of the wrong body | The wrong body was released from the establishment's contingency body store at a funeral directors to the mortuary, and subsequently cremated. |
| 107 | University Hospital of North Tees | Feb-15 | Release of the wrong body | The wrong body was released to the funeral director. The body was returned to the mortuary as soon as the mistake was discovered. |
| 108 | Colchester General Hospital | Mar-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Human error resulted in accidental damage when the deceased was placed into fridge. |
| 109 | Colchester General Hospital | Mar-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Human error resulted in accidental damage to the body of a deceased person while being placed into a mortuary fridge. |

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| 110 | Brighton & Hove City Mortuary | Mar-15 | Post mortem examination conducted was not in line with the consent given or the post-mortem examination proceeded with inadequate consent | Due to ineffective communication, a post mortem examination was conducted without coronial authorisation. |
| 111 | Arrowe Park Hospital | Mar-15 | Major equipment failure | Hospital-wide power outage led to fridge failure. |
| 112 | Chesterfield Royal Hospital | Mar-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Human error led to minor damage to the body of a deceased person occurring in the course of a post mortem examination. |
| 113 | Southport & Formby District General Hospital | Mar-15 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | Administrative error led to blocks and slides being inadvertently disposed of. |
| 114 | Hemel Hempstead General Hospital | Mar-15 | Release of the wrong body | Human error led to the wrong body being released to the funeral director. The body was returned to the mortuary as soon as the mistake was discovered. |
| 115 | Hemel Hempstead General Hospital | Mar-15 | Major equipment failure | Mortuary fridge failure. |
| 116 | York Teaching Hospital NHS Foundation Trust | Mar-15 | Disposal or retention of a whole fetus or fetal tissue (gestational age less than 24 weeks) against the express wishes of the family | Human error led to the accidental disposal of a fetus. |
| 117 | Birmingham Children's Hospital | Mar-15 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may | A delay in providing the written PM examination report to the parents led to a complaint. |

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| | | | lead to damage in public confidence | |
| 118 | Eastbourne District General Hospital | Mar-15 | Serious security breach | Unauthorised access to mortuary out of hours. |
| 119 | Royal Victoria Hospital | Mar-15 | Inadvertent disposal or retention of an organ against the express wishes of the family | Communication failures led to inadvertent retention of an organ against the family's wishes. |
| 120 | St Thomas' Hospital | Mar-15 | Release of the wrong body | Human error in recording details of a referring hospital in a patient record resulted in the wrong body being released to the funeral director. The body was returned to the mortuary as soon as the mistake was discovered. |
| 121 | Wycombe Hospital | Mar-15 | Major equipment failure | Mortuary fridge failure. |
| 122 | University Hospital Lewisham | Mar-15 | Release of the wrong body | Human error led to the wrong body being released to the funeral director. The body was returned to the mortuary as soon as the mistake was discovered. |
| 123 | Sunderland Royal Hospital | Mar-15 | Release of the wrong body | Human error led to the wrong body being released to the funeral director. The body was returned to the mortuary as soon as the mistake was discovered. |
| 124 | Queen's Hospital | Mar-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Human error led to minor damage to a deceased person whilst being placed into mortuary fridge. |
| 125 | Royal Victoria Infirmary | Mar-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Human error led to minor damage to the body of a deceased person occurring in the course of a post mortem examination. |

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| 126 | Royal Victoria Infirmary | Mar-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Human error resulted in minor damage to the body of the deceased occurred during a post mortem examination. |
| 127 | William Harvey Hospital | Mar-15 | Viewing of the wrong body | Human error led to the viewing of the wrong body. |
| 128 | Norfolk and Norwich University | Apr-15 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | Concerns raised with establishment regarding handling of pregnancy remains. |
| 129 | Derriford Hospital | Apr-15 | Release of the wrong body | Human error resulted in the release of the wrong body. The body was returned to the mortuary as soon as the mistake was discovered. |
| 130 | Medico-Legal Centre | Apr-15 | Release of the wrong body | Due to an administration error, the wrong body was released to the funeral director. The body was returned as soon as the error was noticed. |
| 131 | Queen Elizabeth Hospital | Apr-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Body not placed in correct location within the mortuary led to accidental damage of the body. |
| 132 | Cannock Chase Public Mortuary | Apr-15 | Release of the wrong body | As a result of human error, the wrong body was released to the funeral director. The body was returned to the mortuary as soon as the mistake was discovered. |
| 133 | Pathlinks | Apr-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Failure to follow procedure resulted in minor damage to a body while being stored in the mortuary. |
| 134 | King's College Hospital | Apr-15 | Release of the wrong body | Due to human error, the wrong body was transferred to another establishment for post mortem examination. It was returned as soon as the mistake was discovered and no post mortem |

| HTA ref. no. | Reporting establishment | Month HTARI occurred | Incident classification | Summarised description of HTARI |
|--------------|------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| | | | | examination took place. |
| 135 | Northern General Hospital | Apr-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Due to the morphology of the deceased, minor damage to the body was sustained while being removed from the fridge. |
| 136 | Flax Bourton Public Mortuary | Apr-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Due to the clinical history and frailty of the deceased, minor damage occurred to their body during undressing. |
| 137 | St Mary's Hospital | Apr-15 | Major equipment failure | Power cut led to fridge failure. |
| 138 | Manchester Royal Infirmary | Apr-15 | Viewing of the wrong body | Identification error, led to the viewing of the wrong body. |
| 139 | Leicester Royal Infirmary | Apr-15 | Disposal or retention of a whole fetus or fetal tissue (gestational age less than 24 weeks) against the express wishes of the family | Human error led to inappropriate disposal of pregnancy remains. |
| 140 | Craigavon Area Hospital | May-15 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | Post-mortem samples taken with consent, but on unlicensed premises. |
| 141 | Craigavon Area Hospital | May-15 | Release of the wrong body | Due to human error, the wrong body was released to the funeral director. The body was returned as soon as the error was noticed. |
| 142 | Leeds General Infirmary | May-15 | Release of the wrong body | Human error led to the release of the wrong body to the funeral director. The body was returned to the Mortuary as soon as the mistake was discovered. |
| 143 | Queen's Medical Centre | May-15 | Discovery of an organ or tissue following post-mortem examination and release of body | Release of body for funeral before the blocks & slides had been repatriated in accordance with the wishes of the family. |

| HTA ref. no. | Reporting establishment | Month HTARI occurred | Incident classification | Summarised description of HTARI |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| 144 | Royal Glamorgan Hospital | May-15 | Viewing of the wrong body | Due to human error, the wrong body was prepared and presented for viewing by the family. |
| 145 | St George's Hospital | May-15 | Incident leading to the temporary unplanned closure of a mortuary resulting in an inability to deliver services | Poor communication led to temporary unplanned closure of the mortuary. |
| 146 | Morrison Hospital | May-15 | Release of the wrong body | Human error led to release of the wrong body to the funeral director. |
| 147 | Countess Chester Hospital | May-15 | Serious security breach | Failure to follow the establishment's procedures resulted in unauthorised access to the mortuary. |
| 148 | Papworth Hospital | May-15 | Discovery of an organ or tissue following post-mortem examination and release of body | Due to a failure to follow procedures, toxicology samples were not sent for analysis as they should have been. |
| 149 | Queen's Medical Centre | May-15 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | Due to an error, the wrong clinical history was provided to the pathologist prior to their conducting a Coroner's post mortem examination. |
| 150 | The Royal Stoke University Hospital | Jun-15 | Release of the wrong body | Error led to the release of the wrong body to the funeral director. The body was returned to the Mortuary as soon as the mistake was discovered. |
| 151 | The Royal Stoke University Hospital | Jun-15 | Incident leading to the temporary unplanned closure of a mortuary resulting in an inability to deliver services | Chemical incident led to unplanned temporary closure of mortuary. |

| HTA ref. no. | Reporting establishment | Month HTARI occurred | Incident classification | Summarised description of HTARI |
|--------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| 152 | Queen's Medical Centre | Jun-15 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | Concerns raised about information provided to relatives of the deceased. |
| 153 | St Mary's Hospital | Jun-15 | Serious security breach | Failure to follow the establishment's procedures resulted in unauthorised access to the mortuary. |
| 154 | Peterborough City Hospital | Jun-15 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | Allegation received from a member of the public that there was damage to a body whilst it was in the mortuary. |
| 155 | St Thomas' Hospital | Jun-15 | Major equipment failure | Temporary fault with the chiller unit in the post mortem room led to delay in some post mortem examinations being carried out. |
| 156 | Manchester Royal Infirmary | Jun-15 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | Poor technique resulted in poor reconstruction of deceased. |
| 157 | William Harvey Hospital | Jun-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage to the body of a deceased person while being placed into a mortuary fridge. |
| 158 | The Ipswich Hospital | Jul-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Accidental damage to body due to manual handling problems when placing the body into the fridge. |
| 159 | North Devon District Hospital | Jul-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Failure to follow proper procedure led to accidental damage to a body. |
| 160 | Musgrove Park Hospital | Jul-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Human error led to accidental damage to a body during post-mortem examination. |
| 161 | Leicester Royal Infirmary | Jul-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Human error led to minor damage to a body. |

| HTA ref. no. | Reporting establishment | Month HTARI occurred | Incident classification | Summarised description of HTARI |
|--------------|--|----------------------|--|---|
| 162 | Cumberland Infirmary | Jul-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Minor damage caused to the deceased's hand when the body was being removed from a fridge. |
| 163 | St George's Hospital | Jul-15 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | Body being stored in a temporary fridge unit led to accelerated decomposition of the body. |
| 164 | Queen's Medical Centre | Jul-15 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | Due to poor communication and record keeping, an organ was not sent promptly to another establishment for specialist examination. |
| 165 | St George's Hospital | Jul-15 | Major equipment failure | Failure of the power supply led to failure of three fridges. |
| 166 | University Hospitals Coventry and Warwickshire | Jul-15 | Viewing of the wrong body | Due to poor communication, the family was taken into the viewing room to view the wrong body. |
| 167 | Southmead Hospital | Aug-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Due to human error, a body was damaged while being removed from a mortuary fridge. |
| 168 | Derriford Hospital | Aug-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Human error led to minor damage to a body whilst it was being placed into a mortuary fridge. |
| 169 | Mid Essex Hospital | Aug-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Human error led to minor damage to a body whilst it was being placed into mortuary fridge. |
| 170 | St Thomas' Hospital | Aug-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Human error led to a body being left out of the fridge for longer than planned resulting in slight decomposition. |

| HTA ref. no. | Reporting establishment | Month HTARI occurred | Incident classification | Summarised description of HTARI |
|--------------|--|----------------------|---|--|
| 171 | The Royal Stoke University Hospital | Aug-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Human error led to accidental damage to a body. |
| 172 | King's Mill Hospital | Aug-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Human error resulted in accidental damage to a body. |
| 173 | Sheffield Childrens Hospital | Aug-15 | Discovery of an organ or tissue following post-mortem examination and release of body | Due to ineffective recording systems for tissues and organs removed under PACE, the establishment was not aware that these tissues and organs were being stored on-site. |
| 174 | The Royal London Hospital | Aug-15 | Release of the wrong body | Failure of staff member to follow mortuary procedures led to the wrong body being released to the funeral director. The body was returned to the mortuary as soon as the mistake was identified. |
| 175 | Broomfield Hospital | Aug-15 | Release of the wrong body | Human error led to release of the wrong body. The body was returned to the mortuary as soon as the mistake was identified. |
| 176 | City of Westminster Public Mortuary | Aug-15 | Viewing of the wrong body | Administrative error led to a family viewing the wrong body. |
| 177 | University Hospitals Coventry and Warwickshire | Sep-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Human error led to accidental damage to a body. |
| 178 | Glangwili General Hospital | Sep-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Human error resulted in accidental damage to a body. |
| 179 | Royal Cornwall Hospital | Sep-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Failure to follow correct procedures when placing a body into the fridge caused damage to the deceased. |

| HTA ref. no. | Reporting establishment | Month HTARI occurred | Incident classification | Summarised description of HTARI |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|--|---|
| 180 | Countess of Chester Hospital | Sep-15 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | The standard procedure for release of a body to another licensed establishment was not followed by a member of the portering staff. |
| 181 | North Tyneside General Hospital | Sep-15 | Release of the wrong body | An administrative error led to the release of the wrong body to a funeral director, the incident was rectified quickly once the error was discovered. |
| 182 | St Marys Hospital | Sep-15 | Viewing of the wrong body | Ineffective communication between departments led to viewing of the wrong body. |
| 183 | Royal Sussex County Hospital | Nov-15 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | A delay in paperwork resulted in a delay in the arrangement of a post-mortem examination for a 21 week fetus. |
| 184 | The Royal Stoke University Hospital | Oct-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Accidental damage to the deceased, the cause has yet to be confirmed. |
| 185 | Darent Valley Hospital | Oct-15 | Major equipment failure | The alarm on the mortuary fridges failed to notify staff when the temperature increased to 13C during the weekend. No apparent impact on bodies in storage. |
| 186 | St Thomas' Hospital | Oct-15 | Viewing of the wrong body | Human error led to viewing of the wrong body. |
| 187 | Stepping Hill Hospital | Nov-15 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may lead to damage in public confidence | Tissue blocks and slides were disposed of in error, against the family's instructions. |
| 188 | Uxbridge Mortuary | Nov-15 | Any incident not listed here that could result in adverse publicity that may | Complaint from family regarding post mortem changes occurring during storage. |

| HTA ref. no. | Reporting establishment | Month HTARI occurred | Incident classification | Summarised description of HTARI |
|--------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|---|---|
| | | | lead to damage in public confidence | |
| 189 | Frimley Park Hospital | Nov-15 | Incident leading to the temporary unplanned closure of a mortuary resulting in an inability to deliver services | Replacement of mortuary floor took longer than expected leading to unplanned closure of mortuary for PM examinations. |
| 190 | Stepping Hill Hospital | Dec-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Accidental damage to a body during post-mortem examination. |
| 191 | James Paget University Hospital | Dec-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Accidental damage to a body during trolley transfer. |
| 192 | Wednesfield Public Mortuary | Dec-15 | Accidental damage to a body | Human error resulted in the accidental damage to a body. |
| 193 | St Thomas' Hospital | Dec-15 | Release of the wrong body | Human error led to the wrong body being released. |
| 194 | North Tyneside General Hospital | Dec-15 | Viewing of the wrong body | Human error resulted in viewing of the wrong body. |
| 195 | Tunbridge Wells Hospital | Dec-15 | Viewing of the wrong body | Human error led to the wrong body being removed for viewing. |

Further information

If you are unhappy with the way the HTA has handled your request for information in this case, you may in the first instance ask us for an internal review by writing to us at the above postal or email address.

If you remain dissatisfied with the handling of your request or complaint, you have the right to appeal directly to the Information Commissioner for a decision, at the address below. There is no charge for making an appeal.

Information Commissioner's Office
Wycliffe House
Water Lane
Wilmslow
Cheshire SK9 5AF

Telephone: 08456 30 60 60 or 01625 54 57 45

Website: www.ico.gov.uk

There is no charge for making an appeal.

Yours sincerely

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